

Human GFAP, His Tag, E. coli

Catalog Number LDG188PHE

Package 5 μg / 20 μg / 100 μg / Customized package

For full product information, images and publications, please visit our website.



Specifications

Species of Origin

Human

Affinity Tag

His Tag (C-term)

Purity

>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE analysis.

Endotoxin Level

<0.1 EU per 1 μg of the protein by the LAL method.

Expression System

Escherichia coli

Storage Buffer

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Molecular weight

The protein has a calculated MW of 51 kDa.

The protein migrates as 50-55 kDa under reducing condition (SDS-PAGE analysis).

Form

Lyophilized

Background



Background

GFAP (Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein) is a protein primarily found in CNS astrocytes. Increased GFAP immunoreactivity indicates gliosis, a response to neural damage. GFAP defects cause Alexander disease, a rare CNS disorder with astrocytic Rosenthal fiber accumulation. The infantile form leads to myelination failure and early mortality, while the juvenile or adult forms present with ataxia, bulbar signs, spasticity, progressing more gradually.

Uniprot ID

P14136

Synonyms

Glial fibrillary acidic protein

Sequence Note

Met1-Met432

Instruction

Reconstitution

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in 4 mM HCl to a concentration of 200 µg/mL and incubate the stock solution for at least 20 min to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.

Stability & Storage

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C for 12 months in lyophilized state from date of receipt.
- -20°C or -80°C for 2 weeks under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping

The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20°C or lower for long term storage.

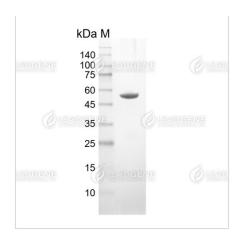
Image

Tainan Headquarters

Innovation & Research Center

CLD Center





SDS-PAGE analysis of recombinant human GFAP.

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